

Skagit County iMap Help

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What is iMap: iMap is an Internet Map Service (IMS) that allows interactive viewing of Skagit County geographic information. This application provides a simple set of tools to “quickly” view different map views, such as, property, crime related incidents, aerial photography and much more. The application provides a strong set of search tools making it easy for you to navigate to an address, property identification number, street, or owner name. iMap does not require any software to be loaded. It’s completely web driven and supports most web browsers. The application is designed to expand and will continue to evolve providing more map information and geo-processing power.

The Application Interface: There are five areas within the iMap interface that you will want to become familiar with. These include the content window, zoom slide bar, tool bar, map display, and the map scale (see figure 1 below).

Content Window: The content window is a multi-function window that provides access to Additional Maps; displays the Legend of the current map; displays the Map Description of the current map; provides a map Layer List enabling the user to turn specific layers on or off; and Search tools to quickly navigate to an address, street, property number, or owner name. On some maps, there may be a Map Tools tab to provide additional mapping capabilities. For example, the Incidents and Registered Sex Offender map provides additional Map Tools to view incidents over a specific time period or to view incidents by incident type.

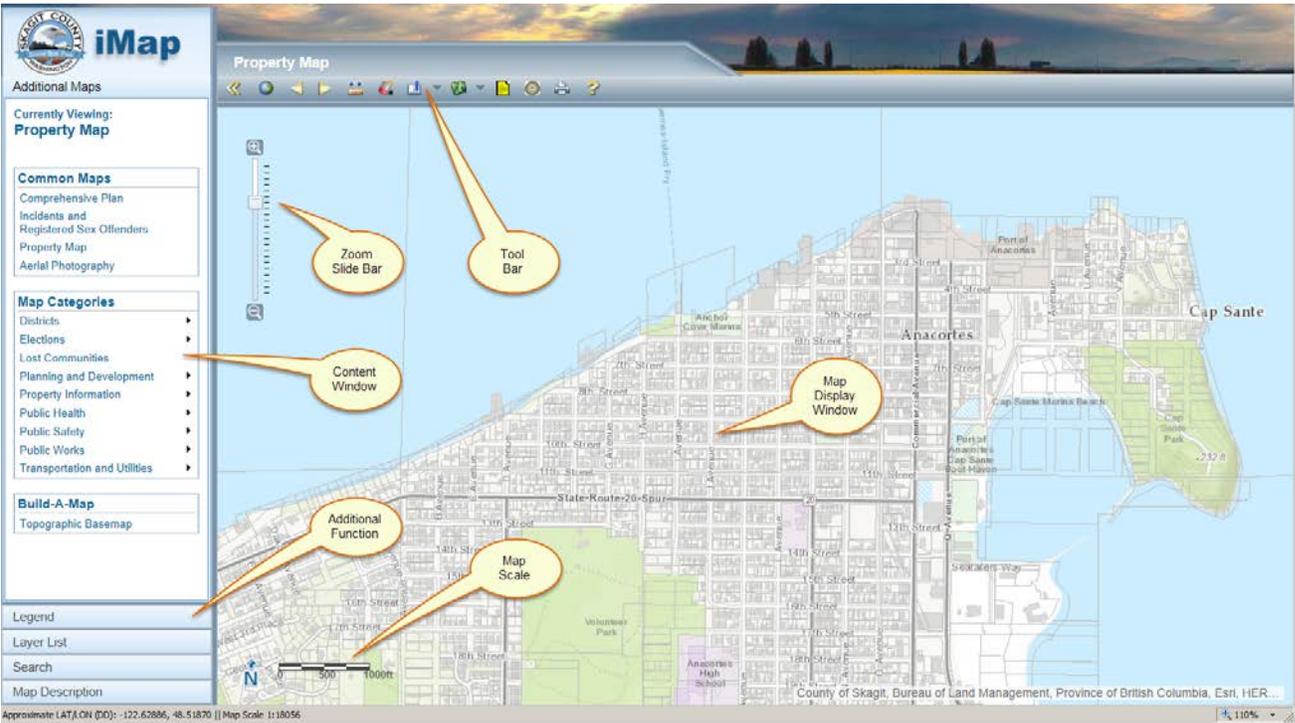


Figure 1

To switch to different tabs (map functions), just pick the tab you are interested in viewing (see figure 2).

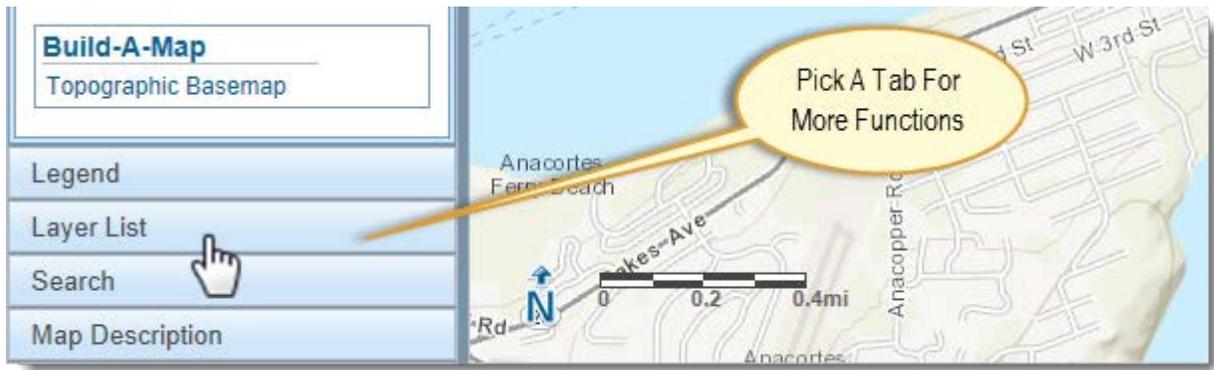


Figure 2

Zoom Level Slide Bar: The Zoom Slide Bar controls (see figure 3) the map scale allowing the user to move closer to an area of interest or further away. Simply pick the zoom control as shown below while depressing your left mouse button and sliding the control up or down. Sliding it up gets you closer providing more map detail and moving it down moves you further away from the map. You can also pick a spot on the scale bar with your left mouse button to jump you to that map scale. If you're mouse has a scroll wheel you can also use it to zoom in or out of the map.

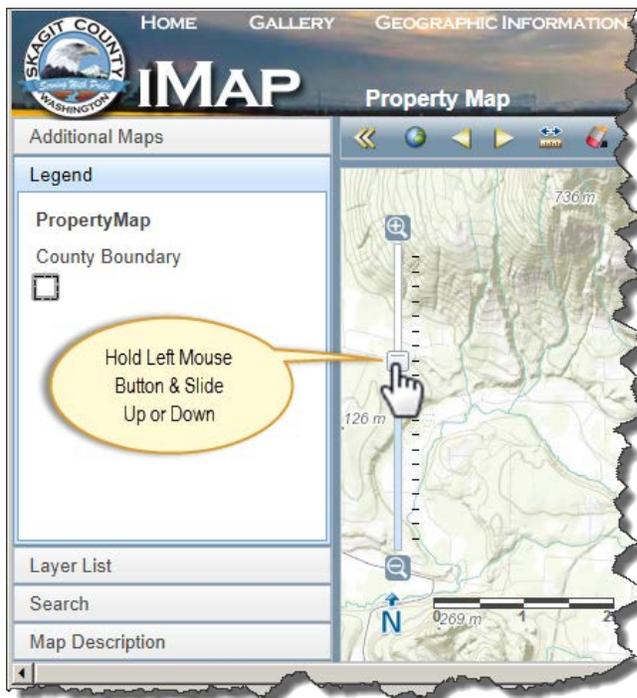


Figure 3

Tool Bar: The Tool Bar (see figure 1) provides an additional set of tools including hiding the content window, zoom navigation, measurement tools, document look-up, and printing. The measurement tool allows for three different types of measurement including: area, distance, and location (latitude and longitude). Units of measurement can be changed before or after the measurement has been made.

Map Display Window: The Map Display Window (see figure 1) is the area where the map is displayed.

Map Scale Bar: The Map Scale Bar (see figure 1) displays the current map scale and switches between miles and feet depending on your zoom level.

Viewing Maps: The iMap application is like a television set, in that, it provides the controls necessary to view the different map channels. The key tools used to view maps and map information are primarily located in the content window but you can also access additional maps from the tool bar using the "Additional Maps"  tool. These tools include the:

Legend Tab: The Legend Tab is used to show the map symbolization key. The legend is dynamic and changes depending on the zoom level (what's being shown on the map). For example, when viewing the Property Map at a zoom level that displays the Western portion of Skagit County, only the County Boundary symbol will be displayed in the legend. However, if you zoom in close enough to see parcels the County

Boundary, Tax Parcel, and Pre Tax Account Property symbols will be displayed in the Legend tab. The exception to showing map symbology in the Legend tab occurs when the Skagit County Aerials map is selected. In this case, there is no legend available since there is no symbolization in the aerial photography. The Legend tab is the default tab and becomes active anytime a new map is opened.

Additional Maps Tab: When iMap is started, the default map displayed is the “Property Map”. However, there are many other maps that you can view by picking the “Additional Maps” tab in the Content Window and selecting a map from the Common Maps, Map Categories, or Build-A-Map list. Common Maps are maps that that are frequently used in iMap and can be accessed by selecting the map of interest. They include:

Common Maps

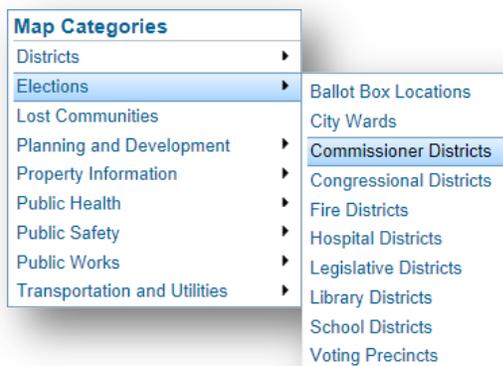
- Comprehensive Plan
- Incidents And Registered Sex Offenders (Crime Map)
- Property Map
- Skagit County Aerials



Map Categories are used to store maps that are within a specific category. For example, if you are interested in looking at a Fire District map you can pick the District category and select the Fire Districts map. Some maps can be in multiple categories. The Fire Districts map is a good example of this as it falls in both the Districts and Public Safety categories. The map categories consist of:

Map Categories

- Districts
- Elections
- Lost Communities
- Planning and Development
- Property Information
- Public Health
- Public Safety
- Public Works
- Transportation and Utilities



When changing from one map to another, iMap retains the current zoom level allowing the user to remain focused on a specific area. This makes changing maps like changing channels on a television set. The Map name as always displayed in both the Content Window and on the right side of the tool bar.

Build-A-Map provides the ability to turn on/off common map layers to create a customized map.

Layer List Tab: Maps are created by overlaying layers of spatial information to create the final map product. The Layer List allows you to turn on or turn off specific layers to change the appearance of your map. For example, when viewing parcels in the Property Map the site address is displayed by default. However, if you would like to turn off the situs (site) address and turn on the tax parcel numbers, you simply uncheck the situs address box and check the tax parcel numbers box (see figure 4 below).

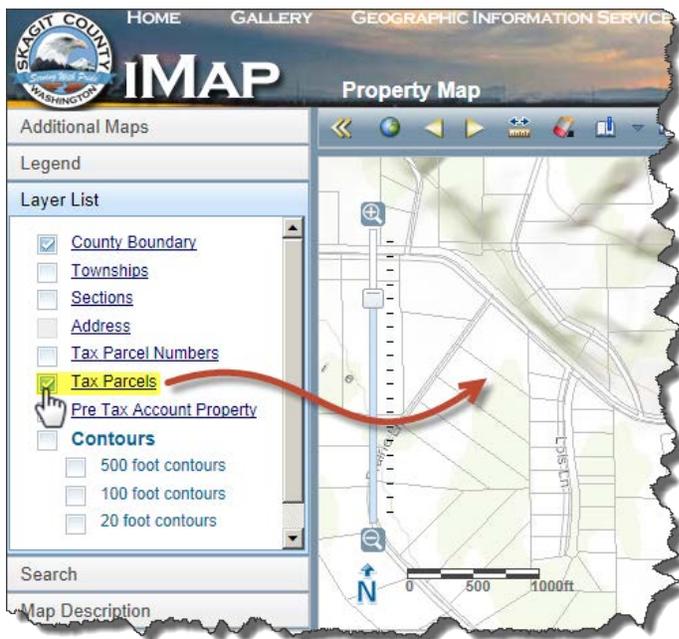


Figure 4

The Layer List tab is dynamic and changes depending on the zoom level (what's being shown on the map). For example, when viewing the Property Map at a zoom level that displays a large area, only the County Boundary, Townships, and Sections are active and can be checked on or off (see figure 4 below). However, if you zoom in close enough to see parcels and situs addresses, the other layers become active and can be checked on or off.

Search Tab: One of the most powerful features of iMap is its search capabilities. The Search Tab provides you with a set of search tools to search on Parcel ID, Owner Name, Address, and Road Name. These tools search Skagit County databases providing the end-user with fast access to valid information. To use the search tools simply pick the Search tab and check the search method you would like to use (see figure 5).

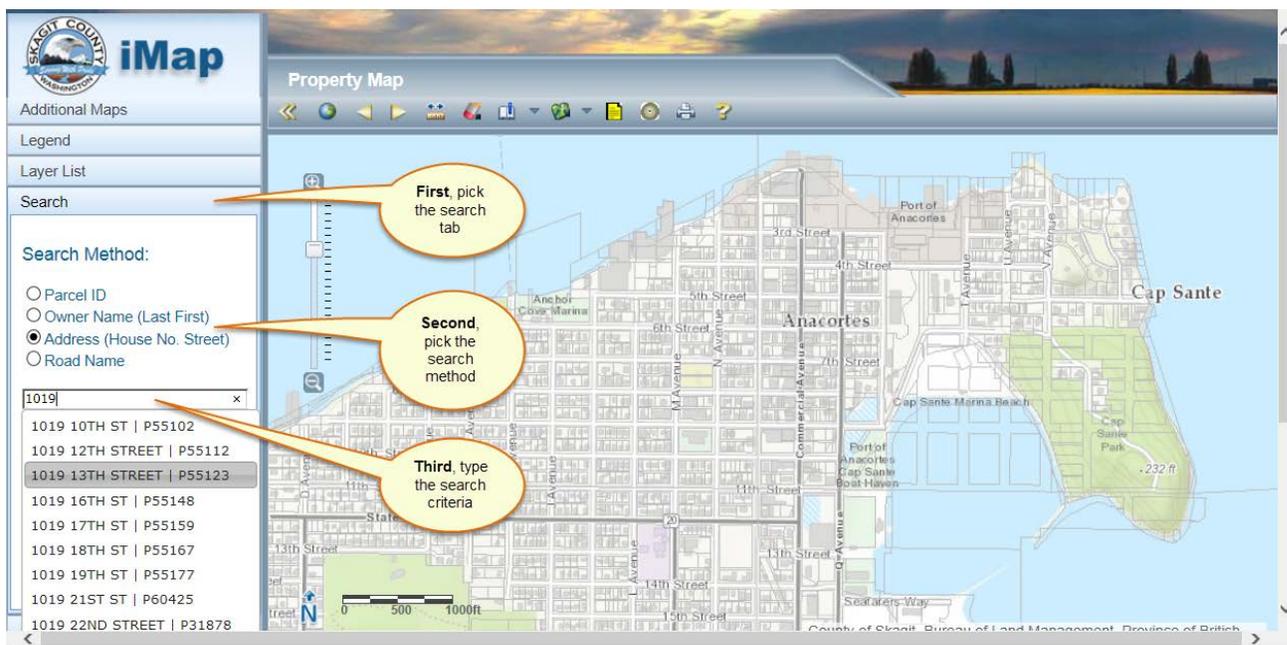


Figure 5

Once the search method is picked, you can begin entering the search criteria into the search box. As you enter information in the search tool will begin dynamically filling in the search results. The more information you enter the more the search information gets narrowed down (see figure 5). When you see the search result you're looking for select ("pick") it with your left mouse button and iMap will take you to that location.

The parcel or road will be highlighted for you to easily see the search results. If you want to remove the highlight, select the Clear Search Graphic(s) button.

Be sure to follow the search syntax to insure that the search tool works correctly. As an example, an address search requires the information to be put in by house number and then street name as shown in the parentheses next to the search method (House No. Street).

Map Description Tab: The Map Description tab provides the user with a description of the map that is currently being displayed. This includes the map title, abstract (map intent), update cycle, map contact information, and the County's terms and use policy. To view the map description, simply pick the Map Description tab.

Incident Map Tools Tab (Crime Map Only): The Incident Map Tools tab is invoked when the Incidents and Registered Sex Offenders map is selected. This tab provides additional functionality to filter crime related incidents and include the following:

Filter By Incident Categories: The Select Incident Category filter provides the user with a quick way to view "grouped" incident categories. When selecting the Categories pull down menu box, the user is provided with a list of incident categories which include incidents for civil, crimes against a person, domestics, drug/alcohol, fraud, motor vehicle incidents, other incidents, property crimes, registered sex offenders, and violent crimes. Picking any of these categories will cause the map to rebuild to the selected category using the current map view.

Filter By Incident Natures: The Select Incident Natures filter provides the user with a quick way to view a specific incident nature (a nature is an incident type i.e. arson, assault, etc.). There are nearly 100 different nature types to filter. This provides the user with a powerful way to focus on a specific type of incident in their neighborhood, such as, vehicle prowls. Picking any of these natures will cause the map to rebuild to the selected nature using the current map view.

Filter By Agency: The Select Law Enforcement Agency Box provides the user with the ability to filter and display incidents that were responded to by a specific agency. All agencies are displayed by default. Please note cross-agency assist calls are displayed by responding agency and may occur across city boundaries. For example, an assist call from Mount Vernon by a Skagit County Sheriff's deputy will show a county incident within the Mount Vernon city limits. Only data from the participating law enforcement agencies listed in the "Agencies" drop down menu is visible in the map.

Filter By Date: By default the incidents that are displayed on the map are only for the previous two weeks. To display incidents in a different time period, the user can select a "To" (beginning) and "From" (ending) date range. Picking a new date range will cause the map to automatically rebuild and display the new information based on the date range provide. The beginning date only goes back to the year 2002. Crime related incidents have been entered into the Public Safety Computer System for many years, however; it was not until 2001 that crime incidents were beginning to be mapped by this system. At first, only a few law enforcement agencies were participating in the mapping effort but by the end of 2001 nearly all agencies were a part of this program. Because of the incomplete information in 2001, we decided to start with 2002 which was the first full year of information collected for all agencies.

Tool Bar Tools: There are tools available to help you navigate measure, erase graphics, print, switch to additional maps, find documents get help, and create a list of properties. These tools are available from iMap's tool bar. The following is a list of these tools and instructions on how to operate them:

Show\Hide Content Window: The Show\Hide Content Window tool  provides the ability to expand or contract the content window giving the user the ability to hide the content window in order to see more map real-estate on their screen.

Pan: This is a standard function tool and is not shown in the tool bar. The pan tool  provides the user with the ability to move or slide the screen to the area of interest. This tool is invoked by holding the left mouse button down, anywhere within the map display window, and moving the map display to the desired position. The pan symbol appears when activated.

Zoom To The Full Extent: This tool  is designed to quickly zoom the map to the outer map extents of Skagit County.

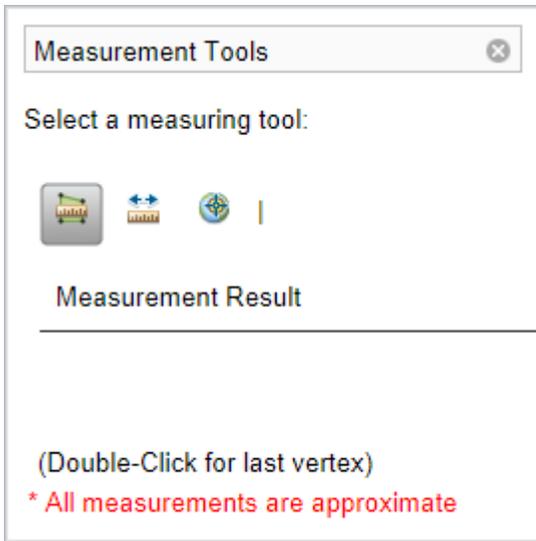
Zoom To Previous Extent: This tool  will zoom you to the previous (backward) map extent. This tool only works if you have zoomed to a location on the map.

Zoom Window: You can zoom to a window by holding the “shift” key down and simultaneously holding the left mouse button down and dragging a window over the display map to zoom to a specific area.

Zoom To The Next Extent: This tool  will zoom you to the next (forward) map extent. This tool only works if you have zoomed to a location on the map.

Measure Tools: The measure tools  provide the user with the ability to measure distances, areas, and point locations. Units can be changed for distances (miles, feet, kilometers, yards, and meters) and areas (acres, square miles, square kilometers, hectares, square yards, square feet, and square meters) and location information can be changed from Latitude Longitude decimal degrees to degrees-minutes-seconds. All measurements using these tools are approximate and should not be used for precise measurements.

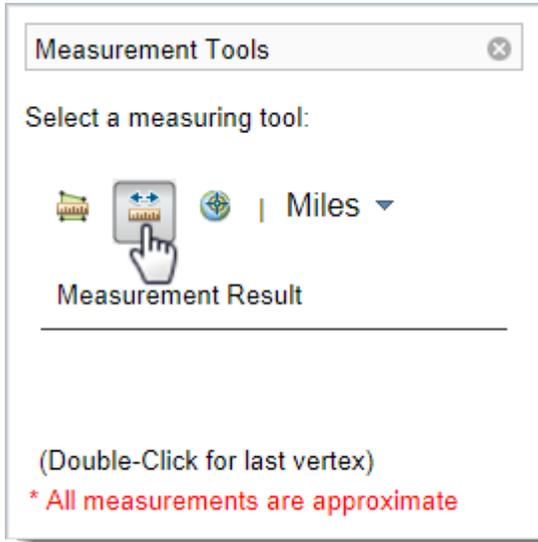
Area Tool: To measure an area, first select the measure tool  and then select the area tool from the menu. Next select the units pull-down and choose the units you would like displayed. This can also be done after an area has been measured.



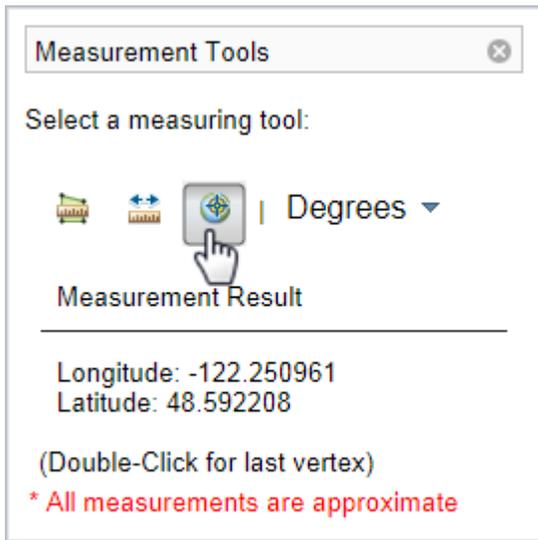
Now start picking positions on the map with your left mouse button to delineate the area. To close the area double click the left mouse button and the area will snap shut. The measurement results will be displayed on the measurement tool menu. Note: you can delineate an area larger than what you can see on the screen. To do this, just hold the left mouse button down when you get to the edge of the map and drag the map to continue. The area tool will remain activated allowing you to continue to delineate the area. If you are done measuring, close the measurement tool by picking the “X” in the upper right corner of the dialog box. This will also clear the measurement graphics.

Distance Tool: To measure a distance, first select the measure tool  and then select the distance tool

from the menu. Next select the units pull-down and choose the units you would like displayed. This can also be done after an area has been measured.



Now start picking positions on the map with your left mouse button to measure the distance. To finish measuring, double click the left mouse button and the measurement results will be displayed on the measurement tool menu. Note: you can measure a distance larger than what you can see on the screen. To do this, just hold the left mouse button down when you get to the edge of the map and drag the map to continue. The distance tool will remain activated allowing you to continue to measure. If you are done measuring, close the measurement tool by picking the "X" in the upper right corner of the dialog box. This will also clear the measurement graphics.



Location Tool: The location tool  provides a latitude and longitude location on a selected point. To get a position, first select the measure tool and then select the location tool from the menu. Next select the units pull-down and choose the units you would like displayed. This can also be done after a location has been selected. Now pick a location on the map with your left mouse button and the measurement results will be displayed on the measurement tool menu. If you are done measuring, close the measurement tool by picking the "X" in the upper right corner of the dialog box. This will also clear the measurement graphics.

Remove The Current Graphics: When a parcel is selected it becomes highlighted on the map. It will remain highlighted until the "Remove Current Graphics" tool  is selected. If more parcels are selected, they too will remain highlighted until the "Remove Current Graphics" tool is selected. Once the tool is selected all highlighted graphics will be removed. Please note that the highlighted parcel(s) may appear to be in the wrong location when displaying on an aerial map. The highlight is merely a rough approximation of the parcel(s) and should not be considered accurate.

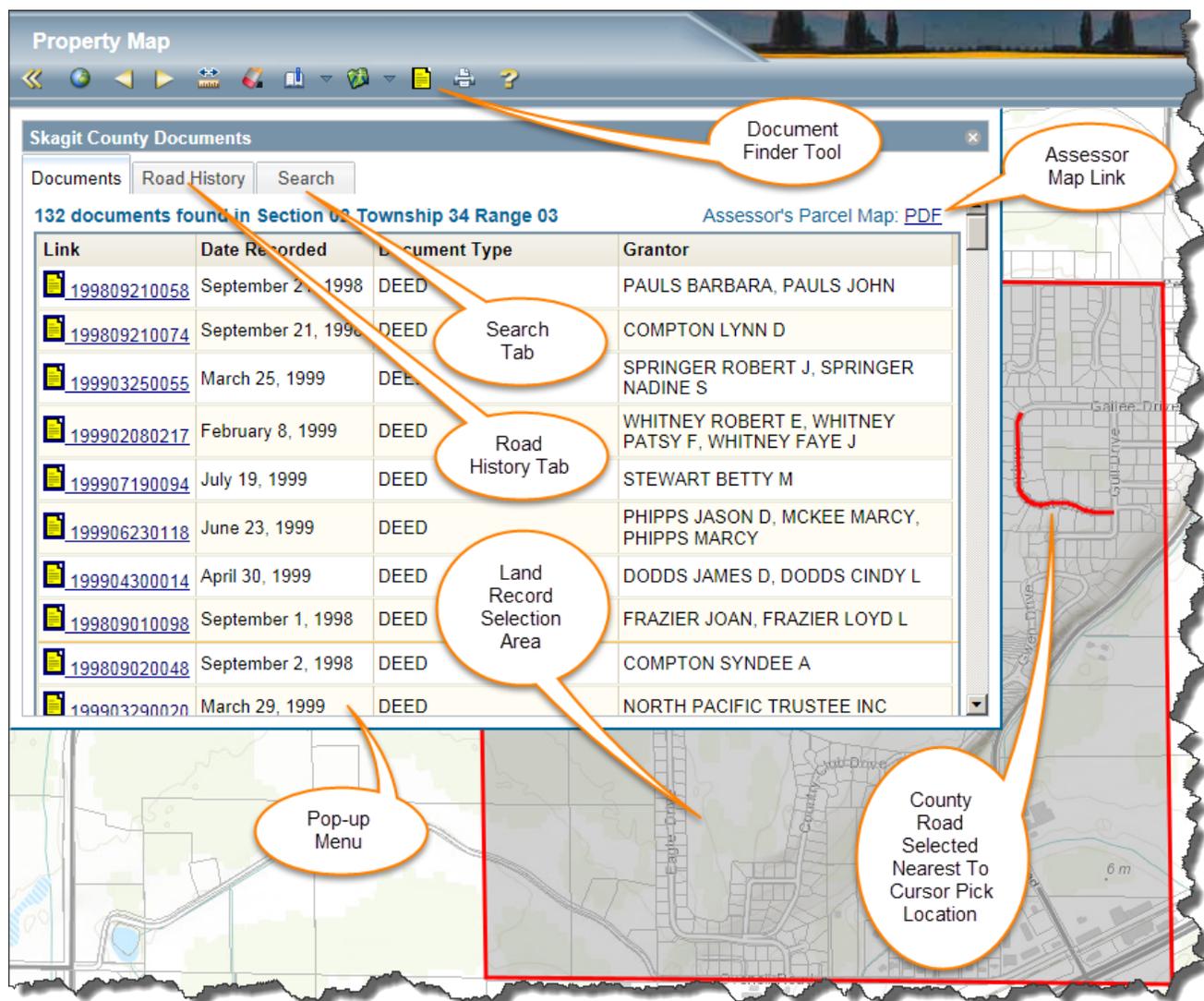
Zoom To A Known Location: This tool  provides the user with a quick way to navigate to desired regions within Skagit County. To use this tool, first pick the tool icon. This will display a list of regions within Skagit County. Next, select the region you want to navigate too and iMap will change the map display to hover over that region. This drop down menu includes the view "Full County" which will return the user to the original overview map of Skagit County and surrounding areas.

Additional Maps: This tool  provides the user with the same information as the Additional Maps tab located in the contents window. This is just another way for the user to easily access additional maps.

Document Finder: This  search tool will return land-related documents recorded in the Auditor's Office (years 1978 to 2014) that have been coded with Section, Township, and Range information. Additionally, the tool also returns road information for County roads. To use this tool simply pick the tool and select a location on the map. Document Finder will then select all the land records within the selected square mile, highlight the selection area and nearest road, and display the records in a pop-up menu. To view the road records selected, pick the Road History tab on the pop-up record menu. If you are specifically looking for County road information, be sure you pick as close to the road as you can. The Document Finder tool will grab the nearest road to your cursor.

The tool also allows you to search by address, parcel id, and Section-Township-Range. Each of the above search methods will return the land-related documents for the Section-Township-Range containing the search criteria. To do manual searches, first pick a location on the map. When the pop-up menu appears, pick the Search tab and provide the search information.

This tool also provides a link to the Assessor Map once a search is invoked (see image below).



The screenshot displays the 'Property Map' application interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with various navigation icons. Below the toolbar, a 'Skagit County Documents' window is open, featuring tabs for 'Documents', 'Road History', and 'Search'. The 'Documents' tab is active, showing a list of 132 documents found in Section 02, Township 34, Range 03. The list includes columns for Link, Date Recorded, Document Type, and Grantor. A red box highlights a specific area on the map, and a red line indicates the nearest county road to the cursor. Callouts identify the 'Document Finder Tool', 'Assessor Map Link', 'Search Tab', 'Road History Tab', 'Land Record Selection Area', 'Pop-up Menu', and 'County Road Selected Nearest To Cursor Pick Location'.

Link	Date Recorded	Document Type	Grantor
199809210058	September 2, 1998	DEED	PAULS BARBARA, PAULS JOHN
199809210074	September 21, 1998	DEED	COMPTON LYNN D
199903250055	March 25, 1999	DEED	SPRINGER ROBERT J, SPRINGER NADINE S
199902080217	February 8, 1999	DEED	WHITNEY ROBERT E, WHITNEY PATSY F, WHITNEY FAYE J
199907190094	July 19, 1999	DEED	STEWART BETTY M
199906230118	June 23, 1999	DEED	PHIPPS JASON D, MCKEE MARCY, PHIPPS MARCY
199904300014	April 30, 1999	DEED	DODDS JAMES D, DODDS CINDY L
199809010098	September 1, 1998	DEED	FRAZIER JOAN, FRAZIER LOYD L
199809020048	September 2, 1998	DEED	COMPTON SYNDEE A
199903290020	March 29, 1999	DEED	NORTH PACIFIC TRUSTEE INC

Create A List Of Neighboring Properties: The list  tool provides the user with the ability to create a list of property owners within a predefined distance (300, 500, or 1,000 feet) of a selected property. To use this tool navigate to a neighborhood that you're interested in. Be sure that you are in the Property Map and that the parcels can easily be seen on the screen. Next, select the list tool from the tool bar. After you have selected the tool, move your cursor into the map display and "left mouse click" the parcels you would like to apply the buffer too. To end your selection you must hold the "Shift" key down and then pick the left mouse button. A dialog box will pop-up displaying several buffer distances you can choose from (300, 500, or 1,000 feet). Once you pick the desired distance, the tool applies the buffer to the map and creates a list of property owners. You can then export the list to a CSV file that can be imported into a spreadsheet or word processor. To end the tool, simply dismiss the dialog box by picking "X" in the upper right corner of the dialog box. To get rid of the graphics, pick the "remove all graphics" tool.

Print: The print tool  provides the user with the ability to print a map. To print your current map display simply select the print tool icon, enter the Map Title (*optional*), enter the Map Author (*optional*), and select the Page Layout, Page Size, and Page Format. Once these options are selected, the user can pick the "print" button and the application will begin printing the map and display the results to the screen. At this point, you can save the map as a PDF file, to your disk drive, or you can pick the print function on your browser window and print the file.

For those users who want to print the map to scale there is a "Print To Scale" option available. To "Print To Scale" simply pick the "Print To Scale" check box, select the "Scale Type", and enter the "Map Scale" value. When all options are complete, pick the "Print" button and the application will begin printing the map and display the results to the screen.

Open iMap Help: The  icon opens the iMap help page. At the bottom of this page is a link to this document, as well as, some "how to" videos.

Frequently Asked Questions:

How Do I Get Information On Sex Offenders?

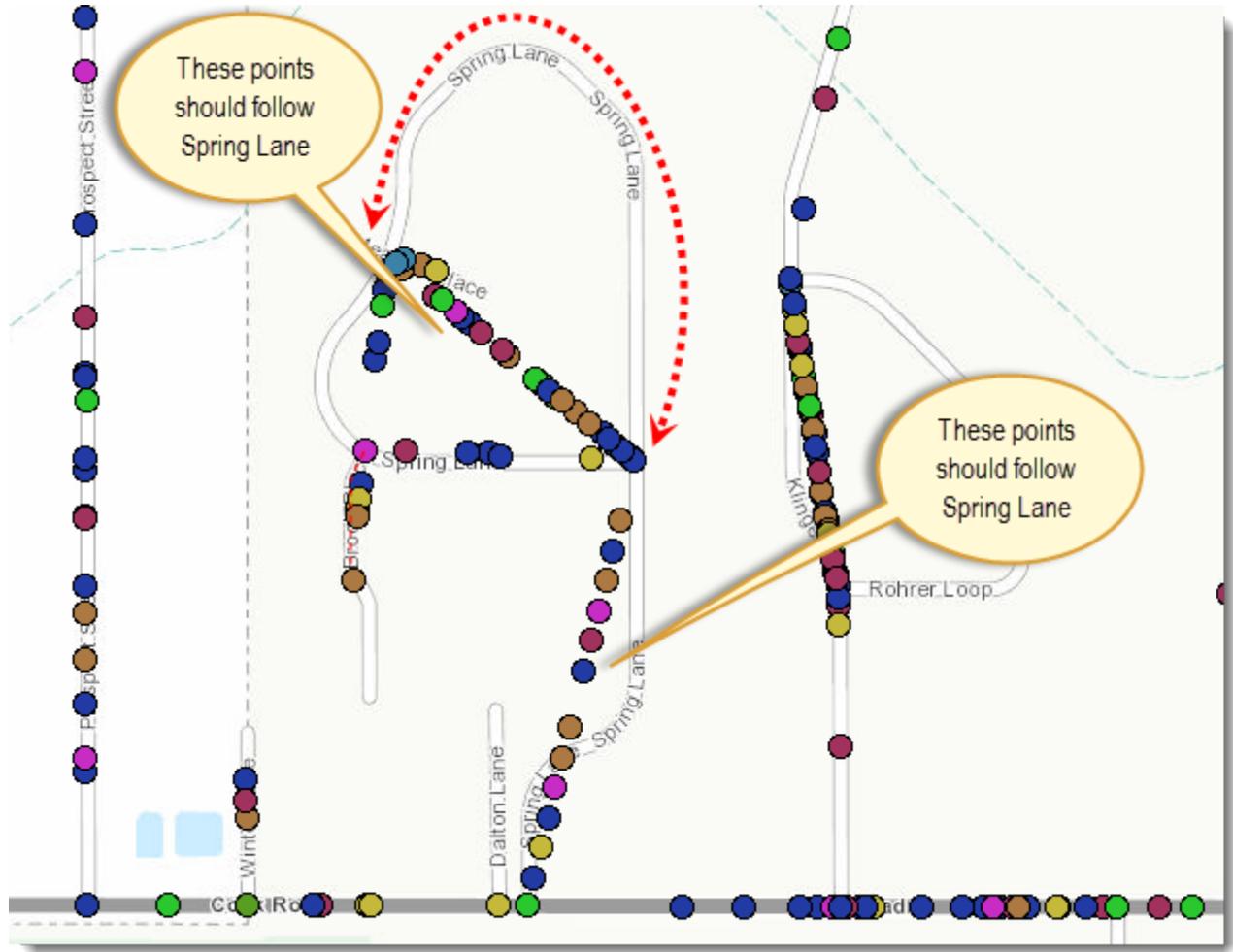
Listed in the Incident Map Tools Tab in the Incident Category pull-down menu is an option for Registered Sex Offenders. This option maps the general location of level 2, level 3 registered sex offenders and kidnapping offenders. When this map is displayed the user can view the Legend tab to see what map symbol represents what level of offender. To get more information about a specific offender, use the mouse cursor to select on a specific point (see image below).



Offenders listed are of three types LEVEL II and LEVEL III sex offenders and known kidnappers. For information on Level I offenders, visit the Skagit County Sheriff's Office in person. The Skagit County Sheriff is releasing this information pursuant to RCW 4.24.550 and the Washington State Supreme Court decision in State v. Ward, which authorizes law enforcement agencies to inform the public of a sex or kidnap offenders presence when; in the discretion of the agency, the release of information will enhance public safety and protection. **Note: the people listed are NOT WANTED by the police at this time. Citizen abuse of this information, such as, threatening, intimidating, or harassing registered sex or kidnap offenders will not be tolerated.**

Incidents On The Incident Map Do Not Appear To Follow Roads Along Curves?

The current version of the Public Safety Computer System is only capable of mapping incidents along line segments and does not provide the mathematical capability to follow more complex curve geometry. Therefore, there are many situations that show a line of crime incidents that appear to wander away from the actual road curves (see example below). If the roads are straight lines or relatively flat curves they do not show this problem. We hope to resolve this problem as the Public Safety Computer System capabilities increase.



Can I Use Coordinates Obtained in iMap In My GPS To Navigate To My Property Corners?

Corners? Most consumer level GPS receivers have the ability to navigate to Latitude and Longitude positions. Although iMap displays Latitude and Longitude, Skagit County does not make any claim to the accuracy of this information. Additionally, there are other factors that have a significant impact on GPS navigation, such as, map and equipment accuracy. If you are attempting to find your property corners, you need to contact a professional Licensed Land Surveyor.

Why Am I Unable To View The Aerial Photography With Other Data Layers Simultaneously?

This problem is due to the difference in positional accuracy of each data layer. Positional accuracy is a measure of how close a mapped feature is in reference to its real position on the earth's surface. This can vary substantially depending on the methods used to create the map. For example, the color aerial photography that we use in the County has an accuracy of plus or minus 6 feet. This means that any given spot on the map can be off as much as 6 feet from its true position on the earth. The Assessor parcels, on the other hand, were never designed to meet a specific accuracy standard and can have errors, in

some locations, as great as 300 feet. When you overlay the aerial photography with the parcels you will likely see a shifting effect between the two layers of information. This is especially true in Alger, Big Lake, La Conner, Sedro-Woolley and portions of Mount Vernon. Showing the aerial photography, which is high accuracy data, with lower accuracy data layers, like parcels, is kind of like mixing oil and water.

Unfortunately, this is not an easy problem to correct. Building a new parcel map with a one-foot positional accuracy requires surveying several hundred square miles of land: a costly and labor-intensive project. There is no easy automated solution that can correct this problem. It will likely take millions of dollars to build an accurate parcel layer. Some people have asked, "Why don't you just fix the bad areas". Although this sounds reasonable, the problem is similar to lining up dominos and watching them knock each other over. Changes to one square mile, in turn, impact (domino) the neighboring square miles. The problem quickly propagates to the remaining 1,735 square miles within the County becoming a very complex problem to resolve. At this point, the County has not put this problem as a high priority. Therefore, it may be some time before you will get the opportunity to see property lines with aerial photography.

Reporting Errors or Getting Help: If you encounter any problems, please submit them to Skagit County Geographic Information Services:

1700 East College Way
Mount Vernon, WA 98274
(360) 416-1168
Email: gis@co.skagit.wa.us

By doing this, we will be able to efficiently record what is being reported and pass that information on to the appropriate personnel. When you report problems, please remember to include the following information:

- Description of what happened.
- What browser and version are you using?
- Can you repeat the problem? If so, what were the steps that lead to the problem?

Remember, the more information you can provide, the faster we can fix the problem.

Known Problems:

Internet Explorer 8: Internet Explorer 8 may have some problems when running with iMap: one of which is speed. If maps are not loading fast or iMap seems to be running slow you can refresh your browser by picking the "F5" function key on your keyboard. This should bring the images up much quicker. Internet Explorer 9 and beyond run much faster and resolve this issue.

Internet Explorer Compatibility View: When using Internet Explorer in Compatibility View a scroll bar may cover most of the iMap tool bar. If this occurs, we recommend turning off Compatibility View in your browser. To turn off "Compatibility View" in Internet Explorer 9, pick "Tools", "Compatibility View Settings", and uncheck the bottom two boxes in the Compatibility View Settings dialog box.

Internet Explorer Status Bar Display: To see map coordinates displayed on your status bar, you must have the status bar turned on. By default, Internet Explorer has the status bar turned off. To turn on the status bar in Internet Explorer 9, pick "View", "Toolbar", and "Status Bar" from the IE menu bar. Please note that some browsers do not display a status bar. For example, Google Chrome and Internet Explorer 11 no longer support a Status Bar. If you want to see map coordinates, it's best to use the measure tool and

select the point location option. This will allow you to pick a position on the map and get the coordinates for that location.

Highlighted Parcels Do Not Line Up Correctly: When a parcel is selected it is highlighted on the map as a visual reference. It will remain highlighted until the “Remove Current Graphics” tool  is selected. If more parcels are selected, they too will remain highlighted until the “Remove Current Graphics” tool is selected. Once the tool is selected all highlighted graphics will be removed. Please note that the highlighted parcel(s) may appear to be in the wrong location when displaying on an aerial map. The highlight is merely a rough approximation of the parcel and should not be considered accurate.

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Versions and Update Information:

- iMap Version 1 (2002 to January 2014)
- iMap Version 2 (2014)
 - Added document finder tool on 8/14/2014
- iMap Version 5/20/2015
 - Added Document Finder tool with the ability to display land records and road information
 - Updated measurement tools
- iMap Version 9/30/2016
 - Added the “Create List of Neighboring Properties” tool

Appendix A

List of Maps Available In iMap: **Common Maps** are maps that that are frequently used in iMap and can be accessed by selecting the map of interest. They include:

Common Maps:

- Incidents And Registered Sex Offenders
- Property Map
- Skagit County Aerials

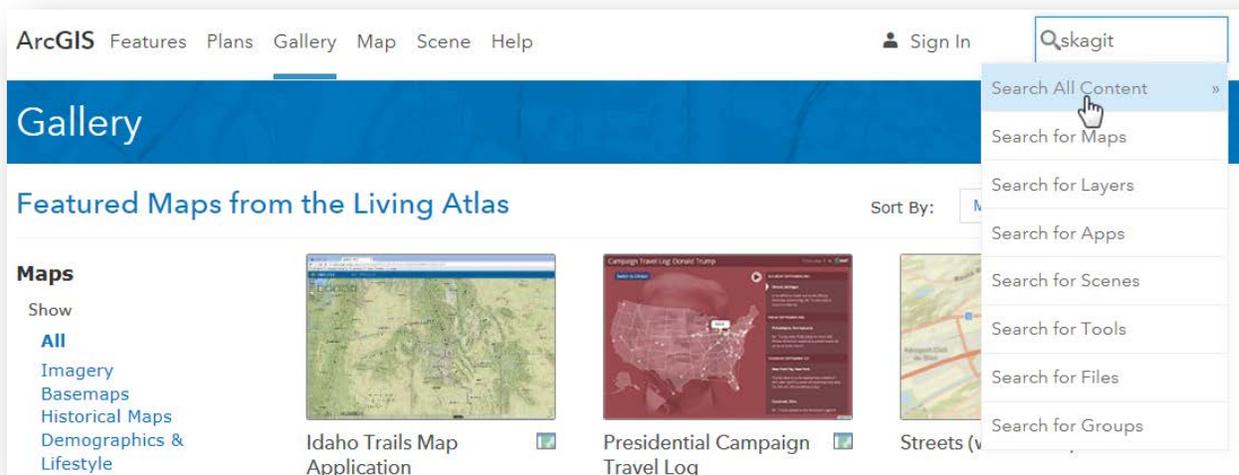
Map Categories are used to store maps that are within a specific category. For example, if you are interested in looking at a Fire District map you can pick the District category and select the Fire Districts map. Some maps can be in multiple categories. When changing from one map to another, iMap retains the current zoom level allowing the user to remain focused on a specific area. This makes changing maps like changing channels on a television set. The Map name is always displayed in both the Content Window and on the right side of the tool bar. The map categories consist of:

Map Categories:

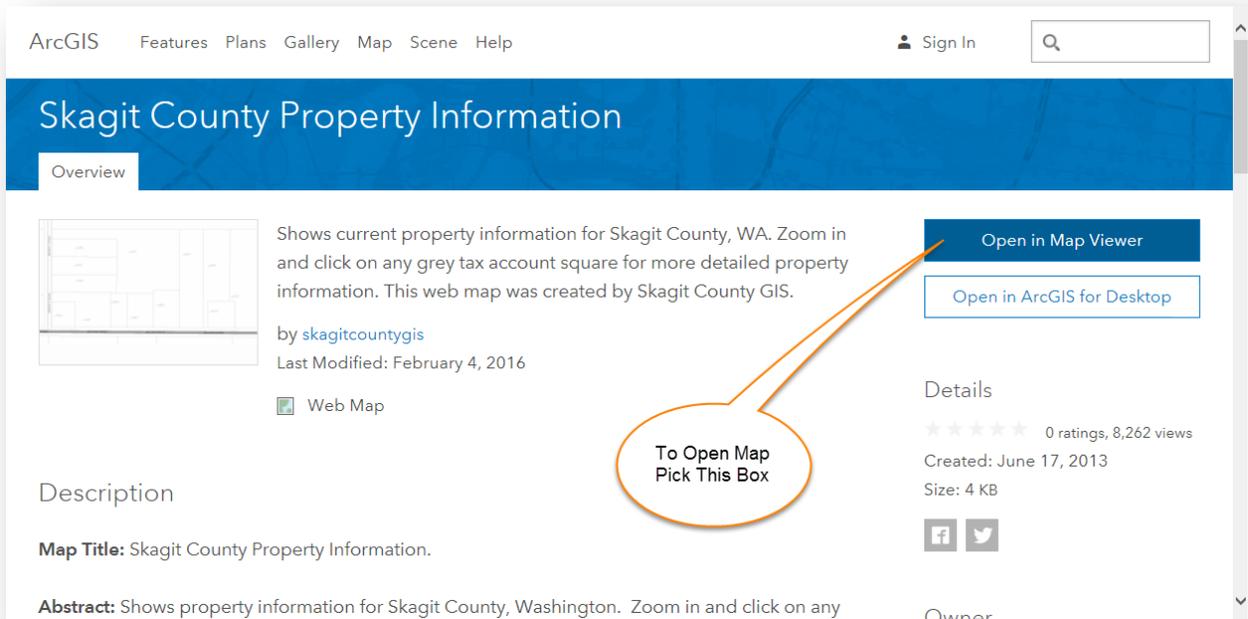
- **Districts**
 - Commissioner Districts
 - Congressional Districts
 - Fire Districts
 - Legislative Districts
 - Road Maintenance Districts
 - School Districts
- **Elections**
 - Ballot Box Locations
 - City Wards
 - Commissioner Districts
 - Congressional Districts
 - Fire Districts
 - Legislative Districts
 - School Districts
 - Voting Precincts
- **Lost Communities**
- **Planning and Development**
 - Active Permits
 - Comprehensive Plan
 - Low Flow Streams
 - Skagit Instream Rule Area
 - Skagit Sub-basins
 - Watersheds and Low Flow Streams
- **Property Information**
 - Property
 - Property Sales Data
- **Public Health**
 - Closed and Abandon Landfills
 - Group A Water Systems
 - Skagit Instream Rule Area
- **Public Safety**
 - Incidents and Registered Sex Offenders
 - Fire Districts
- **Transportation and Utilities**
 - NPDES Stormwater
 - Pipelines
 - Road Maintenance Districts

Viewing Maps With Mobile Devices: Although iMap is currently not designed as a mobile (smartphones and Tablets) application, we have designed many of the maps that are used by iMap to be accessed from your tablet browser. These maps do not have the same powerful search tools that iMap has but they do make it possible to pull up many of the maps used in iMap, including the property map, and access map attributes. With these maps you can now be in the field and check property information and much more. The following are the steps you will need to take to access Skagit County maps on mobile devices:

1. Using your web browser in your mobile device, got to the ArcGIS.COM “Gallery” page:
<http://www.arcgis.com/home/gallery.html#c=esri&t=maps&o=modified>
2. Once you are at this page, type Skagit in the search box and select “Search All Content”



3. When the search results are displayed, simply scroll through the list of maps and select the map you are interested in. Once selected, the map overview information will display in your browser.
4. Pick the “Open Map Viewer” box to launch the map.



- When the map opens you can quickly locate your position by selecting the GPS button (see image below). Or, you can zoom and pan within the map. In the example shown below, the Skagit County Property Information is being displayed. To access Assessor information, pick on the property identification number point. Tip: you must pick right on the point to get the information.

