Pollution Prevention

• Inspect all Equipment at least every other week for leaks that are obvious from sight, smell, or touch. Larger Dry cleaners (those required to install control equipment) must inspect every week. Repair all leaks by specific time limits.

- Good Housekeeping Practices
 - Keep all Perc wastes in covered containers with no leaks
 - Drain all Cartridge filters in closed containers
 - Keep machine doors closed when not being loaded or unloaded
- Operate all equipment according to manufacturers guidelines
- Keep a log of :
 - Leak detection and repair program results
 - Amount and Date of Perc purchases (at any time know how much Perc purchased in last 12 months)

Where can Qualified Small Quantity Generators Dispose of their Waste?

Skagit County Solid Waste Division Small Quantity Generator Program Dennis Collins Hazardous Waste Technician (360) 424-9532 Call ahead for authorization and prices.

Dry Cleaners

Identify Your Dangerous Wastes

COMMON SOURCES

- FILTERS
- FILTER COATINGS
- STILL BOTTOMS
- DISCARDED SOLVENT
- SOME SPOTTING SOLUTIONS WHEN DISCARDED
- ACTIVATED NON-REGENERATED CARBON
- MUCK
- SEPARATOR WATER
- SOLVENT
 CONTAMINATED LINT
- SLUDGE
- CLEANUP MATERIALS FROM PERC SOLVENT SPILLS

Call one of our local source control specialists to learn more:

Britt Pfaff-Dunton and Ed Evanson Phone: (360) 336-9380 E-mail: brittp@co.skagit.wa.us ede@co.skagit.wa.us



Local Source Control



Working With Businesses to Reduce Pollution

What is Local Source Control ?

Local Source Control is the process of identifying and



eliminating sources of pollution that may reach ground and surface water.

Local Source Control Specialists provide education to businesses that want to reduce or eliminate their pollution sources and lessen their impact on the environment. We offer free site visits to businesses that produce or use small amounts of hazardous materials that have a likelihood of coming into contact with our waters. Specialists come to your business to answer your individual questions and help you get the assistance you need to prevent pollution. We also can answer your questions about environmental regulations.

Our visits can help your business.



During our visits we'll tour your facility, paying particular attention to:

- Activities that could generate pollution
- Industrial processes that generate wastewater
- Wastewater pretreatment
- Waste disposal
- Spill prevention
- Stormwater related structures
- Outdoor maintenance practices
- Washwater practices
- Outdoor storage of products/waste
- Fueling operations

Specialists may collect samples from on-site catch basins to identify sources of pollution that may not be obvious.

What is dangerous waste?

Waste with a characteristic of:

- Flammability
- Corrosivity
- Reactivity
- Toxicity

Or any substance that is listed as a

dangerous waste

Examples of dangerous waste:



- Spent solvents
- Fuels and oils
- Dry cleaning wastes
- Paints
- Acids and bases

If not managed properly, these substances may also be considered dangerous wastes:

- Fluorescent light tubes
- Batteries
- Equipment containing mercury
- Pesticides