# ESA and the National Flood Insurance Program

Implementing a salmon friendly program.



## NFIP & ESA Purposes

#### **NFIP**

- Better indemnify individuals for flood losses through insurance;
- Reduce future flood damages through state and community floodplain management regulations; and
- ► Reduce Federal expenditures for disaster assistance and flood control.

#### ESA

NFIP ESA Compliance

- ► To provide a means to conserve species and the ecosystems upon which they depend on.
- All federal departments and agencies shall utilize their authorities in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.



### NFIP ESA Compliance

### **Background**

- ▶ 2003 NWF Sued FEMA for failure to comply with ESA
- 2004 Court Ruled that FEMA must consult with NMFS
- 2006 FEMA provided to a Biological Evaluation that stated NFIP may affect but not adversely
- September 2008 -NMFS issued Biological Opinion with Jeopardy/ Adverse Modification

NMFS offered one Reasonable and Prudent Alternative



### NMFS Biological Opinion

### **Reasonable and Prudent Alternative**

- ► A Reasonable and Prudent Alternative is an action(s) that a federal agency can take to avoid violation of the ESA. It must identify alternative actions that:
  - 1) Can be implemented in a manner consistent with the intended purpose of the NFIP,
  - 2) Can be implemented consistent with the scope of the Federal agency's legal authority and jurisdiction,
  - 3) Are economically and technologically feasible.



### NMFS Biological Opinion

#### **Reasonable and Prudent Alternative Elements**

- 1. Notify PS Communities of determination
  - Letter sent out to 121 Puget Sound communities and the State of Washington
- 2. Map Changes to Reduce impacts
- 3. Require communities to consider impacts on fish habitat when issuing floodplain development permits
  - Crafting implementation strategy to assist communities
  - Pursuing funding to assist in implementation



## NMFS Biological Opinion

#### **Reasonable and Prudent Alternative Elements**

- 4. Changes to CRS program
  - Developing interim guidance for Puget Sound communities
- 5. Addressing levee vegetation maintenance effects
  - Coordinating with HQ and USACE
- 6. Mitigation to adversely affected habitat
  - Working with Partners to identify opportunities
  - Linked to RPA 3
- 7. Report to NMFS on progress towards meeting requirements
  - Will be developing tools to minimize impacts on communities.



- ► Mapping: Element 2
  - Develop LOMC protocols and guidance
    - Completed in 2006
  - Change Sequencing of mapping projects
    - Coordinating with NMFS on FY09 Projects
  - Change guidelines/specs
    - 'Future conditions' based on land-use plans
    - Climate Change ~ less definable ~ uncertain



- ► FPM Performance Criteria: Element 3
  - Convene State/local regulators meeting
    - Completed
  - Create performance standards criteria and checklist
    - In progress
  - Develop model ordinance
    - In progress
  - Develop programmatic tools to streamline compliance
    - In progress



- ▶ CRS: Element 4
  - Develop strategy for interim and long term
    - Working with CRS Task Force to develop strategy
  - Work with Task Force to implement long term changes for 2011 Manual
    - Presented to CRS Task Force for consideration
  - Develop information for newsletters, updates, etc.
    - Outreach material in development
  - Conduct training
    - Training materials in development



- ► Levee Vegetation Maintenance Effects: Element 5
  - Continuing to work with HQ on authorities
  - Evaluate impacts of WRDA 2007 and Levee Safety Committee
  - Collaborating with USACE on ramifications
    - Met with USACE in October



- Mitigation and Monitoring: Element 6
  - Identify creative implementation strategies within our authorities
  - Work with communities on existing mitigation requirements and on-going activities
  - Develop reporting tools and protocols



### Conclusion

- FEMA recognizes the need to continue the successful implementation of the NFIP in the Pacific Northwest; while at the same time participate to the greatest extent possible in protecting threatened and endangered salmon species.
- FEMA recognizes and acknowledges the importance of preserving critical salmon habitat and believes that the NFIP's core mission of reducing flood risks to life and property are not mutually exclusive.
- FEMA intends to be good partner to our States and local governments in protecting critical habitat and pledges to collaboratively assist them in this important regional value.

